

Like a Thunderbolt Out of The Blue Comes This Great News!

A Bombshell Is to Be Fired Into the Ranks of the Clothiers of Washington.

A Veritable Cyclone Will Strike Existing High Prices.

No Financial Panic Could Cause Such Consternation in Their Camp as This Announcement.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

Today, Saturday, May 23, the Merchant Tailors' Mifflin Clothing Parlor, 407 Seventh street and Buffalo, N. Y., will throw their entire stock of lightweight suits, including BLUE and BLACK REIDERS, open to the public at \$8 and \$10 for any suit. Every suit in the stock was made to order for \$20, \$25, \$30, and \$35.

Further, to make this wonderful offer even more astounding, the Merchant Tailors' Mifflin Clothing Parlor will give the public the selection of any pair of their entire stock of lightweight tailor-made trousers at \$2.50, every pair of which was made to order for \$4, \$5, \$6 and \$7.

And to crown this greatest triumph of the season, the Merchant Tailors' Mifflin Clothing Parlor, 407 Seventh street, will keep every garment bought at this sale in repair FOR ONE WHOLE YEAR FREE OF ANY CHARGE.

No wonder competitors stand against it! Think of it! The most elegant custom-made clothing at a mere fraction of the original cost of material and making. And an absolute guarantee with every suit and every pair of trousers.

The facts are here, prove them by coming with the crowd and seeing for yourself. No one ever regrets saving money, here is the great opportunity.

Remember the number, 407 Seventh street. Today at 8 a. m.

NO BOLTERS NEED APPLY

Harritt Intimates That Delegates Will Be Sifted.

SOUND MONEY TO CONTROL

Democratic Chairman Declares the Party Is Far From Hopeless and the Question of Platform Is Paramount to Candidate—Thinks McKinley's Silence an Ominous Sign.

New York, May 22.—William F. Harritt, chairman of the National Democratic Committee, reviewed the Democratic outlook in the country in a conversation with a reporter at the Fifth Avenue Hotel today.

"The Democrats," said Mr. Harritt, "are by no means so hopeless as the Republican newspapers picture them. On the contrary, they are hopeful and growing more hopeful every day. With every advance of the McKinley movement the chance of the Democracy has been improved. If McKinley is nominated at St. Louis I am confident that Democratic success next November will be not only possible but extremely probable."

"Business men throughout the country have a profound distrust of McKinley on account of his record on the currency question and his present silence, and I do not believe that distrust can be removed by the adoption of a sound money platform by the St. Louis convention. Even if McKinley should speak out later, the distrust would remain in a greater or less degree, for business men cannot understand why any man should hesitate at all to give his views on such an important question as the currency."

SOUND MONEY WILL WIN.
With McKinley as the Republican candidate, I am confident that the Democrats can win. There is no doubt now that the Democratic National Convention will name a sound money candidate, and adopt a sound money platform. Going before the country with such a candidate and such a platform, we can, I believe, carry New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Indiana—which means that the country will be carried by the Democracy."

"It is certain that the sound money men will control the Democratic National Convention," was asked.

"I believe it is," Mr. Harritt replied. "There will be a spirited contest no doubt, but sound money will prevail. One element of the convention will be in favor of free coinage of silver; another will favor a compromise to catch both the gold and silver men, but the honest money men, I am sure, will be in the majority and the platform will contain a square declaration in favor of the gold standard. And I wish to predict, too, that the platform will, in the end, be adopted by the whole convention. I consider the talk about holding a caucus, the Democrats will express their views and fight till a vote is taken. Then all will fall in line with the majority."

DELEGATES WILL BE SIFTED.
"Some delegates have declared they will bolt in case a gold standard plank is put in the platform. How are they to be kept in line?" asked the reporter.

"I have only this to say," answered Mr. Harritt, with significant emphasis, "de-

legates who say before hand that they will not abide by the decision of the majority of the convention should not be admitted to it."

"It is too early to talk of candidates," continued Mr. Harritt. "What interests Democrats just now is the platform. There will be plenty of candidates and very hopeful ones, too, by the time the convention is held, but no one can predict now who will be in the lead. At present no candidate has 100 delegates back of him."

"Only one thing as to the candidate is certain, and that is that he will be a man with a clear financial record, a man whose views on the currency are not doubtful, and who will not be afraid to express them—a man who will be all that McKinley is not on the currency question. No straddling will be permitted in the platform and no straddler will be nominated by the convention."

COCKING CASE GOES OVER

La Plata Alleged Murderer Gets a Change of Venue.

Pleaded That He Could Not Obtain a Fair Trial There—Goes to St. Mary's County in September.

(Special to The Times.)

La Plata, Md., May 22.—Joseph Cocking, accused of the murder of his wife and his sister-in-law, was arraigned here today. Cocking pleaded not guilty and after some preliminary legal skirmishing as to the venue, his counsel related to the court that he could not get a fair trial here the 8th of June. Therefore it was decided by the court that the trial should be fixed tentatively for trial on Monday next, the 25th inst.

Judge Briscoe said that the murder had been committed over a month ago and the accused had had ample time to secure counsel and prepare for defense.

The motion was then made for a change of venue and upon the prisoner making affidavit that he could not get a fair trial here the court signed an order to remove the record to St. Mary's county where the next term of court convenes on the third Monday in September.

COL. GORDON RETIRES TODAY.

Commandant of Fort Myer Reaches the Age Limit.

Col. David S. Gordon, Sixth Cavalry, commanding the Army post at Fort Myer, Va., will be sixty years of age today and will be accordingly placed on the retired list on account of age. Lieut. Col. Samuel K. Gordon, now at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., was promoted to colonel as a result of the retirement and will become commandant at Fort Myer.

Col. Gordon was born in Pennsylvania, appointed to the Army as a second lieutenant from Kansas in April 1861, and was taken prisoner at the first battle of Bull Run. After his exchange in September, 1862, he joined the 6th Cavalry and was engaged in the battles of Fredericksburg, Brandy Station, Appomattox station, the Wilderness, Cold Harbor and many other battles.

After the war he served in Colorado, Kansas, and Dakota, and was engaged in a number of Indian fights. Col. Gordon has commanded the posts of Fort Ellis, Mont.; Fort Huachuca, Ariz.; Fort Belvoir, Cal.; and Fort Niobrara, Neb. In August, 1894, he commanded the cavalry force in the Chicago labor troubles. He was serving at Fort Sheridan, Ill., when transferred to Fort Myer in October 1894.

Col. Gordon, the first major for meritorious services in the Gettysburg campaign, and the other as lieutenant colonel for gallant services in the action against the Indians at Miner's Delight, Wyo., March 4, 1870.

BAD FOR THE LABOR BILL.

Privileged Business May Crowd Out Its Further Consideration.

The labor commission bill, discussion of which was begun Thursday, has apparently failed this session.

The rule providing for the consideration of the bill excepted conference reports and appropriation bills from its operation, and yesterday's session was exhausted by business of this character.

The first was the report of the partial agreement on the river and harbor appropriation bill. It met the vigorous opposition of Messrs. Dockery and Hepburn, but despite their eloquent denunciations of the bill, it was passed by a vote of 159 to 66. Friends of the bill endeavored to prevent a vote by yeas and nays, but Mr. Hepburn was able to muster sufficient strength to effectively second his demand.

Next came the sundry civil appropriation bill, the conference report on which consumed the remainder of the session. A conference report was agreed to fixing the pension vote to Brig. Gen. Joseph R. West, formerly United States Senator from Louisiana, at \$75 a month.

CLEVELAND GETS IT TODAY.

River and Harbor Bill Will Be Sent to the White House.

The conference on the river and harbor bill came to a final agreement yesterday afternoon on the disputed question of a deep-sea harbor at Santa Monica.

Before agreeing Senator White was called in and he accepted the compromise, which really gave him all that he wanted, and he retired. The report was subsequently agreed to in the Senate without objection and will come up in the House today. The enrolling clerk of the Senate reported that the bill, with the exception of this item, enrolled, and an effort will be made to get the bill to the President today.

He will then have a full day—Sunday and the day gets it not counted—in which to consider the measure. He can then either approve it or permit it to become a law without his approval. A veto must come within the constitutional period of ten days. This period elapses at midnight June 4. A veto before that time is confidently expected.

STONE FRACTURED HIS SKULL.

Operation Performed on John Davis' Cranium at the Emergency.

John Davis, colored, twenty-five years old, was struck with a stone thrown by James Evans during a fight near the Center Market yesterday afternoon. The blow resulted in the man's death.

Davis was taken to Emergency Hospital in the first patrol patrol wagon and an examination showed a depressed fracture. Drs. McGrath and West performed the operation of trephining and last night the man was reported out of danger.

No New Trial for Murderer Martin.

Toledo, O., May 22.—At Tiffin today the circuit court overruled the motion for a new trial for Lee Martin, who is awaiting execution at Columbus for the murder of Marshal Schultz, of Tiffin. Martin shot Schultz when the latter attempted to arrest him. A few days later, in an attempt to track Martin, two men were shot and killed by the jail guards at Tiffin. Martin is to be hanged June 5.

Congress Heights \$10 cash; \$5 per month. Money advanced to build when lots are paid. Office 631 Pa. ave. n. w. my21-411 jul.

Ivy Institute Business College, 8th and K. Our unexcelled summer course, \$5.

CUT IN PUBLIC BUILDINGS

Postoffice and Printing Office May Suffer.

HOUSE SHOWS ITS TEETH

Disappointed Members Inclined to Refuse the Additional Appropriations Required—Senate Increase to the Sundry Civil Bill Stubbornly Fought in the Conference Report.

Unless the temper of the House should change before this session, the indications are that the Congress of Columbia will be lower thereby to the extent of at least half a million dollars.

It was apparent when a recess was taken at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon that the additional sum of \$410,000 needed to speedily complete the new city postoffice, and \$100,000 for a further annex to the Government Printing Office would be carried down by the general onslaught against appropriations for public buildings made in the shape of Senate amendments to the sundry civil bill.

There is an evident determination on the part of members whose bills have been ignored to defeat those of their more skillful associates and make them as a whole sink or swim together. In reporting a preliminary conference on the sundry civil bill, Mr. Cannon made the general statement that the Senate by amendment had added six and a half million dollars to the bill. Of this sum the Senate in conference has receded from three millions, the House had agreed to \$1,810,000 and there was still in dispute \$1,777,000.

POSTOFFICE CHANGES.
In explaining the report upon which he desired the House to give an expression of opinion, Mr. Cannon referred to the new city postoffice now approaching completion and said that it would be the strongest office building not only in this city, but in the United States. The supervising architect of the Treasury greatly desired to change the plan for constructing the new city postoffice building so as to provide for a double tier of rooms on each of these floors. This change could not possibly be effected within the original limit fixing the total cost of the structure, and it would require \$410,000 in excess of the limit to complete the edifice in accordance with the alterations suggested by Mr. Alden.

Mr. Sayers said it is extremely important that this sum, which had been incorporated as a Senate amendment, should be agreed to by the House, as it would speedily complete the new postoffice building. He said that the House had agreed to \$1,810,000, and the postoffice building would be ready for use in eighteen months from the present time, and 3,000 clerks now working in rented buildings could be removed to the government's own premises, thus saving something like \$150,000 a year in rentals alone.

PRINTING OFFICE SITE.

Continuing, Mr. Cannon said the failure to allow this added appropriation would delay the completion of the building for at least six months. In reply to a question he said that it would not be one way or another affected by the Senate action. He strongly urged that the House concur in the Senate amendment.

An item of utmost importance in the bill, said Mr. Cannon, is that appropriating \$100,000 to purchase by condemnation or otherwise 16,000 square feet of ground contiguous to the new city postoffice building. The Printing Office upon which would be erected a building to be used as a boiler house, light and ventilating plant, to be used in connection with the new wing, which will be ready for occupancy July 1 next.

It is estimated that the ground to be placed in a heating plant in the new building, but the imperative fact remained that some arrangements must be made to heat by the first of November or workmen employed therein could not prosecute their labors by reason of the cold.

At this point matters did not look so gloomy and Mr. Bartlett of New York, pressed a temporary diversion by vigorously attacking the Senate amendment appropriating \$12,500 to pay Gen. James G. McBride for what are called historical publications. He exhibited those so-called historical publications, which consist of diagrams and steel cart engravings, being taken from the Declaration of Independence, the vignettes of the Presidents, and some brief but incorrect biographical sketches.

Six of these charts and diagrams constitute a set and it is proposed to pay \$12,500 for 2,500 copies, to be distributed to the various executive departments, to public officials, and three sets each to members of Congress. Mr. Bartlett said these publications could be purchased in every stationery store for six cents or less. He characterized the amendment as a fraud and imposition. Mr. Cannon spoke in defense of the proposition. Mr. Lacey said it was an outrage on the taxpayer and Mr. Hardy desired to move that the \$12,500 be expended in a re-issue of Jerry Rusk's famous horse book.

REJECTED THE REPORT.

Mr. Dalzell asked if the adoption of the conference report as a whole committed the House to the McBride appropriation. The Speaker replied in the affirmative, and Mr. Dalzell said he hoped it would be voted down.

The conference report was rejected—59 to 80. Mr. Cannon secured the yeas and nays and the roll call resulted—59 yeas, 160 nays.

Considerable confusion followed, and Mr. Willis, who was presiding, said: "There is a greenhorn in the chair and I hope the House will appreciate the fact." A long discussion followed as to the course of procedure. Mr. McKim made a rattling speech in which he said that he hoped

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MAY WHEEL ON SUNDAY

Presbyterian Assembly Is Liberal on the Bicycle Question.

O. E. SOCIETY DISCUSSED

Saratoga Meeting Refused to Authorize Any Particular Organization of Young People in the Church—Question of "First and Love" Marriages Among Indian Converts.

Saratoga, N. Y., May 22.—The report of the conference on Sunday bicycle riding read by Chairman Worrall in the Presbyterian conference today.

In presenting the report he referred to the chief perils of Sunday observance, such as the greed of gain, which compels thousands against their will to work on the sabbath day; the dissemination of theories concerning individual liberty and social order, which are destructive of our best national traditions; Sunday baseball games; Sunday theaters, and Sunday bicycle pleasure riding, etc.

The clause of the Sabbath observance committee relating to the bicycle riding caused some debate. Dr. Kneeland of Boston spoke for the tolerance of the Christian bicycle clubs, provided they attended no bicycle meets. The resolutions were adopted.

At the opening of the afternoon session Rev. Dr. Craven of Philadelphia read the report of the committee to which was referred the overture from the synod of India relating to the treatment in the mission churches of the polygamous converts there.

The trouble arose over a conflict in one of the Indian churches as to which marriage of the polygamous converts should be recognized, the first or family marriage, or the second, or love marriage.

SECOND MARRIAGE APPROVED.
The custom of the country frequently compelled churches to recognize the second marriage on account of the children of this marriage, the first marriage usually being childless, and the children of the second marriage frequently being converts of the mission churches.

One of the Presbyteries asked the general assembly to refer the whole matter to the synod of India, where the situation was understood.

Dr. Craven's report was long and exhaustive. The committee refused to go into the details of the case but confined themselves entirely to the constitutional question involved.

They found that the referring of a question of polity to a synod was unconstitutional and they recommended to the assembly that no action be taken on the overture. Consideration of Dr. Craven's report was deferred.

Chairman Breed of Pittsburgh presented the report of the special committee on Young People's societies. To this committee, appointed at Pittsburgh, was referred the overture for the formation of a Westminster League in opposition to the Christian Endeavor Society; also overtures asking for the recognition in the assembly of the Christian Endeavor and other young people's societies by the institution of a board of young people societies with a paid secretary and his quarters in the Presbyterian building in New York.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.
The committee's report against these overtures. It recommends the cultivation of young people's societies by the church, sessions, and presbyteries, but declines to advise the formal approval of any society or the establishment of a Presbyterian society or of a board of young people's societies. The report excited an amusing debate, in which the merits and demerits of the Christian Endeavor and other such societies were well aired.

The committee recommends the adoption, among other things, of a resolution as follows:

"The assembly deems it unnecessary to prescribe any specific form of organization for individual young people's societies, while it expects them to conform to certain acknowledged principles, both general and particular, as follows:

"In general these societies are to be organized and to work in conformity with the historic position of the church as expressed in her standard and interpreted by her courts."

In specifying its historic position the committee states, among other things, the following in relation to the political activity of the young people's societies:

CAN'T DICTATE TO CONSCIENCE.
The separation of the church in its organic capacities from all political creed and all methods of political action. Our young people's societies may not be utilized for the advancement of any political project, however, apparently laudable. The church inculcates upon her members the loyal discharge of their responsibilities as citizens, but in political matters leaves it to the individual conscience to determine as to political parties and candidates and platforms.

A statement of relations of the societies to the session was also proposed, which provided for a close supervision of the constitutions, schedules of services, election of officers and distribution of funds of the societies.

Presbyterian unions of such societies were further advised by the report. The whole report except the last recommendation concerning Presbyterian unions, was adopted without opposition. The debate upon the last recommendation continued for more than two hours.

On division the assembly adopted the amendment striking out the clause recommending the plan of unions to the Presbyteries. The assembly then adjourned with the Breed report still the order of the day.

COAL MANAGER MURDERED.

Strong Suspicions of Foul Play at Hazleton.

Hazleton, Pa., May 22.—What appears to be a case of murder was discovered here late last night, when Griffith Roberts, general superintendent for the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company in this district, was found with his skull fractured, near the Lehigh shops.

He formerly worked for the company in a similar capacity in their Wilkesbarre district and was well known throughout the region. His skull was fractured, evidently by a blunt instrument, and he died this morning without recovering consciousness.

His friends believe he was murdered. He was held in highest esteem here, and was a member of several secret societies and was quite wealthy. There is no clew to his probable assailant. A piece of gas pipe was found along the railroad track covered with blood.

ANNUITY BILL POSTPONED.

No Effort Will Be Made to Push It This Session.

The House Committee on Reform in the Civil Service yesterday held a long session and arrived at the conclusion to defer further consideration of the Tawney bill creating an annuity fund for the retirement of clerks in the classified service after a certain period of service until the next session of Congress.

Similar action was also taken on the pending bill to so far as possible place all the employees of the District government under civil service regulations.

The reason for this course was stated to be the short time remaining before the probable adjournment of Congress, the fact that unexpectedly vigorous opposition has developed to the former bill, and the delay that must necessarily result in obtaining further information and making additional computations and revisions.

DEATH IN EIGHT CYCLONES

Further Details of the Storm Fatalities in Oklahoma.

Ten Persons Killed and Many Injured—Great Damage to Stock—Eight Storms in Five Days.

Guthrie, Okla., May 22.—So far as reported ten persons were killed and many injured by the cyclone and water spout which descended on this part of the territory Wednesday night.

Eight cyclones have passed over a radius of fifty miles in this section during the last five days, but Guthrie has always escaped owing to its location.

Five persons were killed at Cushing. They are: Harrie McIntire and daughter Julia, Jennie Walmer, and Peter Davis and son Frank.

Twenty houses were swept away at Edmond and two persons killed—Harvey Rich and his daughter.

At Black Bear John Rogers and wife were killed by falling timber. At the same place George White, a farmer, was killed and all the members of his family injured by their house being blown down.

In the vicinity of White Eagle, a dozen houses were destroyed and many cattle killed.

At White Eagle three cyclones formed within an hour and swept toward the Osage country. It seems that the big storm came from the south and while traveling north met another cyclone coming from the west. Several lives are reported lost in the Osage country, where the property loss is estimated to be \$75,000.

TWO BODIES RECOVERED.

Remains of Contractor Stranded One Other Found at Buffalo.

Buffalo, May 21.—At last night the workmen toiled in the ruins of the Brown building searching for whatever bodies might still be buried in the wreck.

At 1 o'clock this morning they came across the body of a Polish laborer who had been working on the third floor and was down in the collapse. He was badly cut and life was crushed out by the mass of brick and timber which fell upon him.

The search was continued without cessation till 7 o'clock, when the body of another man was found. He was badly cut and life was crushed out by the mass of brick and timber which fell upon him.

The list of dead now numbers four, and this is believed to be the total of the fatalities. The ruins will, however, be completely cleared and the search made thorough.

Several of the injured were taken to the hospital having recovered sufficiently to go to their homes. However, the carpenter who was thought to be fatally injured, will recover.

CRASHED INTO A BARGE.

British Steamer Veda in a Collision in Gedy's Channel.

New York, May 22.—The British steamer Veda, which sailed this afternoon for Cape Town, London, etc., collided at 6:20 p. m. with the three-masted barge Andrew Jackson, from Norfolk, in Gedy's Channel.

The barge sank within five minutes, her crew being taken off by the steamer, and afterwards transferred to a tug. The steamer barge was one of a team in tow of the tug W. Mores, and was inward bound, heavily laden.

The barge lies in the channel and is a dangerous obstruction to navigation.

At 7 o'clock the marine observed at Sandy Hook light sight of the steamer Veda which was lying outside the bar. A pilot boat was by her, apparently examining her to ascertain whether she had sustained any damage. A tug pulled a lantern in the forewreck of the sunken barge, and at 7:30 p. m. passed in at Sandy Hook with the barge and the life boat of the life saving station in tow.

LAURADA'S ARMS LANDED.

Filibuster Returns to Florida and Reports Success.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 22.—The steamer Laurada entered the bar yesterday and was met at quarantine by J. A. Buaz, agent of the Cuban Junta, and a number of friends of Cuba.

The Laurada's captain reported that he had landed safely on Cuban soil nine tenths of the munitions. When about to land the last loads, smoke was seen on the horizon and fearing it to be from the guns of a Spanish vessel, the steamer pulled up anchor and started northward.

After communicating this information, the Laurada headed seaward, substantially for New York. The Three Friends cleared from this port today with arms and ammunition consigned to Key West. The revenue cutter Boutwell has been ordered to see her across the three-mile limit.

Two Boys Drowned.

Columbus, S. C., May 22.—At Saluda, a plunging ground, two miles from Columbia, Bellingham Fishburne and Pinckney Purse, boys about sixteen years of age, were drowned. They had gone from here this morning with several hundred children on the annual picnic of the Washington Street Methodist Church, and went in swimming in the Saluda river. Pinckney went down and Fishburne went to his rescue and both were drowned.

According to Spanish Reports.

Havana, May 22.—Col. Delgado reports that his command had had engagements with 1,000 rebels under Aleman and other leaders, near Cruces, in the Cienfuegos district. According to the official report the rebels were dislodged from strong positions and compelled to flee in disorder, leaving twenty-two dead on the field. The troops lost 18 men wounded.

Electric Power on the Pennsylvania.

New York, May 22.—President George Westinghouse, Jr., of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, said today: "The use of electricity on the branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad from Burlington to Mount Holly, in New Jersey, has been attended with highly successful results, but it is as yet too early to discuss its adoption on the main line of the Pennsylvania."

QUAY'S KNOCK ANSWERED

Welcomed by McKinley to a Two-Hours' Close Conference.

BOTH MYSTERIOUSLY SILENT

Senator Was Met at the Train by His Host and Cordially Greeted—Less Than Three Hours in Town—Attorney Brown Was Invited to Accompany Mr. Quay.

Canton, O., May 22.—Senator Quay paid a visit to Senator McKinley at the latter's home here today by appointment.

What took place at the meeting is a profound mystery, as neither gentleman will give an inkling of what was said during their three hours' conversation.

When the train bearing Senator Quay pulled in at the Fort Wayne depot there were several groups of expectant people craning their necks to catch a glimpse of the famous Pennsylvania Senator. He quietly walked in the crowd through the depot toward a waiting carriage.

An unexpected one of the waiting room Gov. McKinley came from another direction and acceded to the conductor of the train and made inquiry for the Senator from the East. The railroad man indicated the direction Senator Quay had gone and the Governor started after the Senator.

ATTORNEY BROWN DIDN'T KNOW.
Senator Quay had just reached Gov. McKinley's private carriage, which was in waiting when the Governor came. Both extended their hands.

Attorney J. A. Brown of Lancaster, Pa., accompanied Senator Quay, but did not remain at the McKinley home, but was driven to a hotel.

To a reporter he said he did not know what Senator Quay's mission was in Canton. He had been invited by telegram, to join the Senator, and had done so.

Senator Quay and Major McKinley were in close conference from the time the Senator arrived until the time of departure. To represent the Senator's visit here was passed that they were busy and could not see any one, and that the call was one of friendship only—that and nothing more.

A SPINX-LIKE SILENCE.

Senator Quay lunched with Mr. McKinley and afterward was driven to the train in the Senator's private carriage, accompanied by the major.

When the train started the 121 train for Beaver, Pa., there was a hearty group of hands and a cordial good-bye from both sides. Major McKinley smiling as he gave his parting salute.

Attempts to get either Senator Quay or Major McKinley to talk on the occasion of the Senator's visit have been futile. Senator Quay said a score of complimentary things about Canton and said he would go back to Beaver, but on other matters he was as silent as the sphinx.

Ex-Gov. McKinley left this evening for Cleveland, where he will be the guest of Mark Hanna and other friends until Monday.

REFUSES TO DISCUSS IT.